

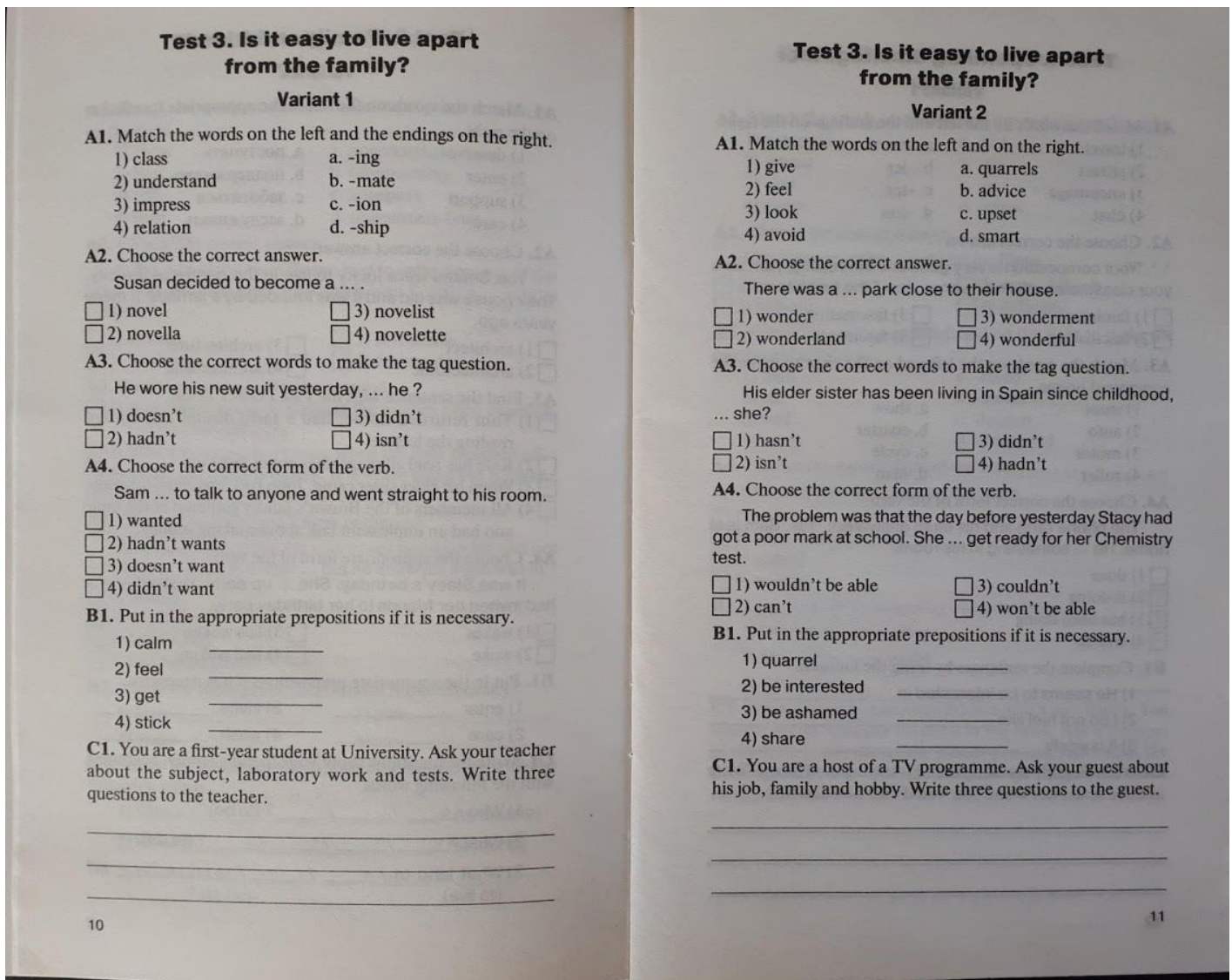
Задание на 25.03.2020

1) Test 3

Variant 1

Variant 2

2) Чтение: Will the real Mona Lisa please stand up?



ЧТЕНИЕ

Упражнение 1

Установите соответствие заголовков А – G абзацам текста 1 – 6. Запишите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую букву только один раз. В задании один заголовок лишний.

WILL THE REAL MONA LISA PLEASE STAND UP?

- | | |
|--|---|
| A A dishonest craftsman | E Are all the da Vincis by da Vinci? |
| B Would <i>Mona Lisa</i> pass a scientific test? | F An international conspiracy |
| C A mysterious theft | G The <i>Mona Lisa</i> comes home |
| D A successful conspiracy – a fake <i>Mona Lisa</i> ? | |

- 1 The paintings of renaissance scientist, inventor and musician Leonardo da Vinci have always attracted controversy. Only 14 works have ever been attributed to him and experts have questioned the authenticity of several. Not even such a famous painting as the *Mona Lisa* is above suspicion. It is neither signed nor dated and no record of subsequent payment to Leonardo has been found.
- 2 The painting, believed to be a portrait of the wife of a Florentine merchant, is dated at about 1502. It has been on public display in the Louvre since 1804. Now housed in a bullet-proof glass case, it has always been surrounded by tight security. Even so, on 24 August 1911, it was stolen. Initial leads came to nothing and no clues to the thief's motives or the whereabouts of the picture materialized for fifteen months. At one point Picasso, then relatively unknown, came under suspicion, but there was no evidence to suggest that he did anything more serious than 'borrow' some neglected tribal pieces from the museum.
- 3 In November 1913, Florentine art dealer Alfredo Geri received a letter from someone claiming they had the *Mona Lisa*. The writer of the letter was prepared to sell it back to Italy for 500,000 lire. Geri contacted the director of the Uffizi museum in Florence, who arranged a meeting with the person turned out to be an Italian carpenter, Vincenzo Peruggia, who had been commissioned by the Louvre to make the painting's protective wooden box. He had been able to steal the famous work of art because he knew the museum's routine so well. The *Mona Lisa* he produced was proclaimed genuine by the Uffizi and sent back to Paris. The big question was why did Peruggia wait so long before trying to sell the painting?
- 4 One explanation is that he was an accomplice of the international criminal Marques de Valfierno, who had copies made of the *Mona Lisa* while it was still in the Louvre. Once the theft was announced, Valfierno went to America where he sold 'the original *Mona Lisa*' six times over to wealthy collectors for two million dollars. Peruggia was left with the original painting and realizing that Valfierno was never going to contact him again, attempted to make some money by selling it. As for the American collectors, they couldn't complain for fear of revealing their involvement in the crime. Intriguingly a number of 'original *Mona Lisas*' have since turned up in America.

- 5 But there is another theory. Shortly after the theft, Parisian art dealer Eduard Jonas claimed he was in possession of the original *Mona Lisa*. He subsequently changed his story under threat of being charged with its theft and declared it a fake. Later, however, a British conman, Jack Dean, insisted that he had helped Peruggia steal the painting, but substituted a copy for the original before Peruggia took it to Italy. Dean claimed to have sold the original to a Paris art dealer. If Dean's story is true, and the Jonas incident gives it some support, then the painting now in the Louvre, surrounded by impregnable security systems and seen by thousands of visitors a day, is a forgery.
- 6 So, is there any way of knowing for certain? It would seem that there is. A method known as 'neutron activation analysis' has been used on a number of occasions to establish the authenticity of works of art. It involves bombarding the painting with neutrons so as to identify chemical elements in the paint. It can be used to determine exactly when a painting was produced since chemical elements in even tiny traces of paint vary according to the period of painting. If the directors of the Louvre chose to, they could put the painting's neutrons to the test and perhaps the real *Mona Lisa* would at least stand up.

1	2	3	4	5	6

1) Test 3

Variant 1

Variant 2

2) Чтение: "Solar Energy: The Myths? The Facts?"

Test 4. Spending time together

Variant 1

A1. Match the words on the left and the endings on the right.

- | | |
|--------------|----------|
| 1) travel | a. -ment |
| 2) attract | b. -ler |
| 3) encourage | c. -ter |
| 4) chat | d. -ion |

A2. Choose the correct answer.

"Your composition is very good and interesting. I am sure your classmates will find it very ... too," the teacher said.

- | | |
|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1) fascinate | <input type="checkbox"/> 3) fascinating |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 2) fascination | <input type="checkbox"/> 4) fascinator |

A3. Match the words on the left and on the right to make the compound nouns.

- | | |
|-----------|------------|
| 1) stunt | a. show |
| 2) auto | b. coaster |
| 3) motor | c. cycle |
| 4) roller | d. man |

A4. Choose the correct form of the verb.

The phone rang and his mum answered: "Yes. Sam is at home. He ... something in his room."

- | |
|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1) does |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 2) is doing |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 3) has been doing |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 4) will do |

B1. Complete the sentences by using the Gerund.

- 1) He seems to be interested in _____
- 2) I do not feel like _____
- 3) It is worth _____

C1. Your English-speaking friend is staying in Moscow. Write in three sentences where you would take him and why.

Test 4. Spending time together

Variant 2

A1. Match the words on the left and the endings on the right.

- | | |
|--------------|----------|
| 1) entertain | a. -ion |
| 2) attract | b. -ter |
| 3) chat | c. -er |
| 4) camp | d. -ment |

A2. Choose the correct answer.

Chemistry was the ... subject for Stacy.

- | | |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1) most difficult | <input type="checkbox"/> 3) more difficult |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 2) difficult | <input type="checkbox"/> 4) difficulty |

A3. Match the words on the left and on the right to make the compound adjectives.

- | | |
|---------|---------------|
| 1) high | a. -faced |
| 2) old | b. -speed |
| 3) well | c. -known |
| 4) open | d. -fashioned |

A4. Choose the correct form of the verb.

We spent the day ... among the cars.

- | |
|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1) walk |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 2) were walking |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 3) walked |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 4) walking |

B1. Complete the sentences by using the Gerund.

- 1) I agreed to meet after _____
- 2) My brother is keen on _____
- 3) It is worth _____

C1. You are staying in an English town with a host family. You want to spend Saturday morning in the town. Ask a member of the host family about the places you can visit, what the opening hours are, what the entrance fees are. Write down three questions.

Упражнение 2

Установите соответствие заголовков А – Н абзацам текста 1 – 7. Запишите свои ответы в таблицу. Используйте каждую букву только один раз. В задании один заголовок лишний.

SOLAR ENERGY: THE MYTHS? THE FACTS!

- A Current solar devices aren't effective; a breakthrough is needed.
- B Solar energy is too expensive.
- C More energy is needed to manufacture solar equipment than is saved in its lifetime.
- D Solar energy can only heat water.
- E To collect enough solar energy requires large areas of collectors.
- F Solar energy can't be used at night.
- G There isn't enough solar energy to maintain our current lifestyle.
- H Solar doesn't yet supply much energy on global scale.

Solar and other renewable energy supply options have the capability to supply a large proportion of our energy requirements. The increased use of renewable energy technologies will reduce pollutants and greenhouse-gas emissions as the energy is derived from the natural source of sun, wind, water and biomass.

1 MYTH:

REALITY: Solar (renewable) energy includes the production of electricity and heat directly from solar radiation for many applications. Designing your house to use solar energy passively can provide 60% - 100% of your heating and cooking requirements. Solar cells, wind generators and hydro can supply electricity for any use. Biomass fuels include wood, alcohol, and methane for heating, electricity generation or transportation.

2 MYTH:

REALITY: Solar heat can be stored in thermal mass so it is available on demand at any time. In a solar efficient designed house, the building elements themselves store the energy in their thermal mass for nighttime comfort and for cloudy days. Electricity from solar cells can be stored in batteries.

3 MYTH:

REALITY: Some solar technologies require no additional costs. Some solar equipment costs less than conventional alternatives to buy and install and also has lower running costs. Solar equipment costs more up front, but is cheaper overall due to lower running and environmental costs.

4 MYTH:

REALITY: While researchers continue to produce further improvement in a wide range of renewable energy technologies, the big breakthrough needed is equality of financing terms with conventional energy. There is a wide range of Australian and New Zealand solar water heaters which are amongst the best in the world.

5 **MYTH:**

REALITY: There is sufficient roof space on homes alone to produce the total electricity requirements using existing solar technology. Wind generators occupy only a small space for the tower with the rest of the land area being available for agricultural uses. Solar supply allows the use of small modules which can be accurately matched to the load and which minimise electricity distribution.

6 **MYTH:**

REALITY: Even ignoring the bias in the statistics, solar (renewable) energy supplies 28% of the world's energy now, made up of 14,4% biomass and 7,5% hydro. In comparison nuclear supplies 4,4%. Solar supplies all the energy used to grow plants, to evaporate water for rain and to maintain the temperature of the planet, all necessary for human life.

7 **MYTH:**

REALITY: A solar water heater will repay its energy 'debt' in only 6 to 18 months, depending on the location, and will last well in excess of fifteen years. Solar cells module will collect over its operating life four times the energy used in its production.

1	2	3	4	5	6

Задание на 01.04.2020

1) Test 5

Variant 1

Variant 2

2) Грамматика и лексика

Упражнения 1, 2, 3

Test 5. Out and about in Moscow

Variant 1

A1. Match the words on the left and on the right.

- | | |
|-------------------|------------------|
| 1) You are | a. that is right |
| 2) to work | b. non-stop |
| 3) round | c. kidding |
| 4) I do not think | d. the corner |

A2. Choose the correct answer.

The teacher spoke to Stacy in a very ... way.

- | | |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1) friend | <input type="checkbox"/> 3) friendly |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 2) friendship | <input type="checkbox"/> 4) friendless |

A3. Choose the word combination that is not used with the definite article *the*.

- | |
|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1) Maly Theatre |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 2) Old Circus |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 3) Tsvetnoi Boulevard |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 4) Russian Federation |

A4. Choose the correct form of the verb.

Then she came up to Sam. "Dad called. He ... the ticket for a football match."

- | | |
|---|---|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1) just bought | <input type="checkbox"/> 3) had just bought |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 2) just buys | <input type="checkbox"/> 4) has just bought |

B1. Use the Passive Voice form of the verb in brackets.

- 1) Kostroma _____ (found) in 1152. (*Past*)
- 2) The Horse Riding competition _____ (hold) on Friday at the local stadium. (*Present*)
- 3) The shooting of the film _____ (hold) in the neighborhood next summer. (*Future*)

C1. Your foreign friend is visiting your city and you are going on the excursion. Write in three sentences where it is better to go, whom to invite to go with you, what clothes to put on.

Test 5. Out and about in Moscow

Variant 2

A1. Match the words on the left and on the right.

- | | |
|---------------------|-------------------------|
| 1) round | a. of the kind |
| 2) nothing | b. to rack one's brains |
| 3) There is no need | c. the clock |
| 4) on the other | d. hand |

A2. Choose the correct answer.

However, one day when the family went for a walk the monument nearby looked ...

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1) horror | <input type="checkbox"/> 3) horrify |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 2) horrible | <input type="checkbox"/> 4) horribly |

A3. Choose the word combination that is not used with the definite article *the*.

- | | |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1) Operetta Theatre | <input type="checkbox"/> 3) Old Circus |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 2) Central Circus | <input type="checkbox"/> 4) Moscow |

A4. Choose the correct form of the verb.

However, at five o'clock the door bell rang. It was Barbara. "Happy Birthday to you, Stacy!" – she said and gave Stacy a nice cake. "I ... it for you."

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1) just made | <input type="checkbox"/> 3) had just made |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 2) just make | <input type="checkbox"/> 4) have just made |

B1. Use the Passive Voice form of the verb in brackets.

- 1) Moscow _____ (found) in 1147. (*Past*)
- 2) The competition _____ (hold) on Sunday in Luzhniki. (*Present*)
- 3) The exhibition _____ (hold) in Manezh Square next month. (*Future*)

C1. Your foreign friend thinks that a computer is very harmful for your health. You disagree with him. Write down three arguments for the use of computers.

ГРАММАТИКА И ЛЕКСИКА

Упражнение 1

Прочитайте приведенный ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 1 – 7 так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию.

SIFTING THROUGH THE SANDS OF TIME

When you are on the beach, you are stepping on ancient mountains, skeletons of marine animals, even tiny diamonds. Sand provides a mineral treasure-trove, a record of geology's earth-changing processes.

Sand: as 1 _____ we play on it and as adults we relax on it. CHILD

It is something we complain about when it gets in our food, and praise when it's moulded into castles. But we don't often look at it. If we did, we would discover an account of a geological past and a history of marine life that 2 _____ back thousands and in some cases millions of GO years.

Sand covers not just sea-shores, but also ocean beds, deserts and mountains. It is one of the 3 _____ substances on earth. And COMMON
it is a major element that 4 _____ use – concrete is largely MAN
sand, while glass 5 _____ of little else. MAKE

What exactly is sand? Well, it is 6 _____ than fine dust. LARGE
Depending on its age and origin, a particular sand can consists of tiny pebbles or porous granules. Its shape may have the shapes of stars or spirals, their edges jagged and smooth.

They 7 _____ from the erosion of rocks or from the skeletons COME
Of marine organisms, which accumulate on the bottom of the oceans, or even from volcanic eruptions.

Упражнение 2

Прочитайте приведенный ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 1 – 7 так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию.

Our planet, the Earth, is the home of 1 _____ of thousands of living creatures. Life 2 _____ everywhere. It has ascended to the tops of high mountains, where there is hardly any air. Life 3 _____ beneath the expanses of the oceans, reconciling itself to the tremendous pressures exerted by the waters. Life has come to the 4 _____ deserts and to the eternal ice of the Arctic. 5 _____ creatures have adapted themselves to an absence of oxygen, to everlasting gloom, and to unbroken silence. But, wherever living organisms have settled, they 6 _____ food which has to be distributed throughout their bodies, and they have to carry out the processes of metabolism. They also need to feel at home in 7 _____ environment and start families to ensure the survival of the species.

HUNGRED

EXIST

HIDE

HOT

LIVE

NEED

THEY

Упражнение 3

Прочитайте приведенный ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 1 – 7 так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию.

Nicole Kidman is a true Hollywood star. She is also one of the 1 _____ Australian actresses of her time. Nicole was born in Hawaii, where her father 2 _____. Five years later her family 3 _____ to Sydney. Her 4 _____ stage performance was in her school's Christmas show when she was six. Nicole began appearing on Australian television during her teens and at the age of 17 she 5 _____ the 'Actress of the Year' by the Australian Film Institute. She was invited to Hollywood to make her first American film in 1989. Tom Cruise was her partner in the next film and during 6 _____ the couple fell deeply in love. And they 7 _____ on Christmas Eve in 1990.

FAMOUS

STUDY

MOVE

ONE

VOTE

FILM

MARRY

1) Test 6

Variant 1

Variant 2

2) Грамматика и лексика

Упражнения 4, 5, 6

Test 6. Do you mind video and TV?

Variant 1

A1. Match the expressions on the left to the appropriate translation on the right.

- | | |
|-------------------|--------------------------|
| 1) detective film | a. фильм ужасов |
| 2) horror film | b. детектив |
| 3) cartoon | c. приключенческий фильм |
| 4) adventure film | d. мультфильм |

A2. Choose the correct answer.

Sam was surprised. "Your teacher said you were ... student among your classmates. You wrote a test perfectly today."

- | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1) good | <input type="checkbox"/> 3) well |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 2) better | <input type="checkbox"/> 4) the best |

A3. Match the verbs on the left and the appropriate prepositions on the right.

- | | |
|------------------|---------|
| 1) to rely | a. with |
| 2) to be good | b. at |
| 3) to be in love | c. on |
| 4) to get | d. off |

A4. Choose the correct form of the verb.

The Taj Mahal ... in the 17th century.

- | | |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1) built | <input type="checkbox"/> 3) has been built |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 2) is built | <input type="checkbox"/> 4) was built |

B1. Match the dates and historical events. Write when they happened (1963, 1981, 1953).

- 1) John Kennedy _____ (to assassinate) in ____.
- 2) Everest _____ (first, to climb) in ____.
- 3) The first IBM PC _____ (to sell) in ____.

C1. You are preparing a party devoted to the celebration of the day of your city. Foreign guests are going to participate. Ask the teacher for advice how and when you can organize the party. Write down three questions.

Test 6. Do you mind video and TV?

Variant 2

A1. Match the words on the left to the appropriate translation on the right.

- | | |
|------------------|---------------|
| 1) to appreciate | a. ссориться |
| 2) to quarrel | b. ценить |
| 3) to envy | c. предавать |
| 4) to betray | d. завидовать |

A2. Choose the correct answer.

"It is so ... ! Why do not you and your friends come here next weekend and clean the place?"

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1) dirties | <input type="checkbox"/> 3) dirt |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 2) dirty | <input type="checkbox"/> 4) unsullied |

A3. Match the verbs on the left and the appropriate prepositions on the right.

- | | |
|-----------------|---------|
| 1) to turn | a. up |
| 2) to cheer | b. back |
| 3) to date | c. in |
| 4) to take part | d. off |

A4. Choose the correct form of the verb.

The tests ... at the moment.

- | | |
|---|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1) mark | <input type="checkbox"/> 3) are being marked |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 2) are marking | <input type="checkbox"/> 4) marked |

B1. Match the dates and historical events. Write when they happened (1961, 1919, 1939).

- 1) The Atlantic _____ (first, to cross) in ____.
- 2) The Second World War _____ (to declare) in ____.
- 3) A man _____ (to launch) into space for the first time in ____.

C1. You and your friend are doing the project about the country of the language you study. Discuss what your project will be about, why it will be so and which of you will do it. Write down three questions.

Упражнение 4

Прочитайте приведенный ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 1 – 7 так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию.

There are many theories about the beginning of drama in ancient Greece.

The most widely accepted today 1 _____ on the assumption BASE

that drama evolved from ritual. The argument for this view goes as VIEW

follows. In the beginning, human beings 2 _____ the natural

forces of the world, even the seasonal changes, as unpredictable, and

they sought, through various means, to control these unknown and

feared powers.

3 _____ measures that appeared to bring the desired results THESE

were then retained and repeated until they hardened into fixed rituals.

Eventually stories 4 _____ which explained the mysteries of ARISE

the rites. As time passed, some rituals 5 _____, but the stories, ABANDON

later 6 _____ myths, provide material for art and drama. CALL

Those who believe that drama evolved from ritual also argue that those

rites contained the seed of theatre because music, dance, masks, and

costumes were almost always used in rituals.

The atmosphere 7 _____ the performances was more like SURROUND

that of a religious ceremony than entertainment. There were altars to

the gods, with priests in attendance, and the subjects of the tragedies

were the misfortunes of the heroes of legend, religious myth, and history.

Most of the material was derived from the works of Homer and was

common knowledge in the Greek communities.

Упражнение 5

Прочитайте приведенный ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 1 – 7 так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию.

FENG SHUI

In Ancient China there was a belief that the natural environment of a particular location can influence the fortune of its inhabitants and descendants. The Chinese 1 _____ the notion of feng shui ('wind – water'), which developed from observation of chronic catastrophes wrought in China by winds and floods.

CREATE

Feng Shui 2 _____ for centuries to improve the physical surroundings in which 3 _____ live and to maintain balance in 4 _____ life.

USE

MAN

THEY

The Chinese art of Feng Shui has been adopted by modern designers as a way of creating environments which feel comfortable and harmonious. The principles of Feng Shui 5 _____ beneficial in the organization of outdoor environments as well as in the design of areas inside the house such as bedroom, which is considered to be the most important room in the house.

BE

Finding the 6 _____ position for the bed is very important. The main rule of bed positioning is never to have the foot of the bed directly facing the door. That is what 7 _____ as the 'dead position'. The bedroom should be kept as a relaxing space and should not be used for work or as an office.

GOOD

KNOW

Упражнение 6

Прочитайте приведенный ниже текст. Преобразуйте слова, напечатанные заглавными буквами в конце строк, обозначенных номерами 1 – 7 так, чтобы они грамматически соответствовали содержанию текста. Заполните пропуски полученными словами. Каждый пропуск соответствует отдельному заданию.

Paul McCartney is one of the 1 _____ stars of the twentieth century. Paul comes from an ordinary family, but he is now the 2 _____ richest man in Europe. His musical career 3 _____ for nearly forty years and today he is one of the 4 _____ most famous musicians.

GREAT

THREE

LAST

WORLD

He was born in Liverpool, England, on 18th June 1942. He 5 _____ to play the guitar seriously when he was 14. When he was 15 he met and formed a band with another boy from Liverpool, John Lennon. This was perhaps the most important point in his life. Formed around the nucleus of Lennon and McCartney, who first performed together in Liverpool in 1957, the group named the Beatles 6 _____ out of a shared enthusiasm for American rock and roll.

START

GROW

Both Lennon, a guitarist and singer, and McCartney, a bassist and singer, were largely self-taught as musicians. Precocious composers, they gathered around 7 _____ a changing cast of accompanists. The Beatles soon rose to fame in England by producing recordings of original tunes and also by playing classic American rock and roll. After their appearances on British television, British newspapermen coined a new word – Beatlemania. For the next ten years the group was the symbol of youth movement.

THEY